	red States Paten	T AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Bo. 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22 www.uspto.gov	OR PATENTS
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/670,387	09/26/2003	Tadashi Mitsui	02887.0251	2738
22852	7590 09/16/2005		EXAM	INER
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER			DESIRE, GREGORY M	
LLP			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			L
			DATE MAILED: 09/16/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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·····	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/670,387	MITSUI, TADASHI
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Gregory M. Desire	2625
The MAILING DATE of this communicatio Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory I - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply within the Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may on. , a reply within the statutory minimum of f period will apply and will expire SIX (6) M statute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	26 September 2003.	
	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for al	llowance except for formal m	atters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice un		
Disposition of Claims		
-4) Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the applic	ation.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wit		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		ŝ
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 September 200</u>	<u>03</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection t	to the drawing(s) be held in abey	/ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c	•	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by t	he Examiner. Note the attach	ned Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) 🔀 Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	preign priority under 35 U.S.C	s. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received ir	Application No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	e priority documents have be	en received in this National Stage
application from the International B		
* See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies n	ot received.
Attachment(s)		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗌 Intervie	w Summary (PTO-413)
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/5	18) Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 30 is objected to because of the following informalities: It appears claim

30 should end in a period or there are additional features similar to claim 10 that were

omitted. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is

directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claim 18 is drawn to functional descriptive

material not claimed as residing on a computer readable medium. MPEP 2106.IV.B.1

(a) (Functional descriptive Material) states:

"Data structures not claimed as embodied in computer-readable media are descriptive material per se and are not statutory because they are not capable of causing functional change in the computer."

"Such claimed data structures do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and other claimed aspects of the invention which permit the data structure's functionality to be realized. "

Claim 16, 17 and 18, while defining a program, does not define a "computer

readable medium" and is thus non-statutory for that reason. A program can range from

paper on which the program is written, to a program simply contemplated and

memorized by a person. The examiner suggests amending the claim to embody the

program on "computer readable medium" in order to make the claim statutory.

"In contrast, a claimed computer-readable medium encoded with a data structure

defines structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and the

computer software and hardware components which permit the data structure's

functionality to be realized, and is thus statutory." MPEP 2106.IV.B.1 (a)

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of

obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-46 of

copending Application No. 10/105,387. Although the conflicting claims are not identical,

they are not patentably distinct from each other because of the reasons as follows each

of limitation of instant application is fully disclosed by the claims in the copending

application 10/105,387. Specifically, each of the limitations of claims 1, 6, 7, 13-19, 24

and 27 of the instant application is set forth in claims 1, 19 and 33 of the copending application. While claims 1, 9 and 33 include additional limitations not set forth in claims 1, 6, 7, 13-19, 24 and 27 of the instant application, the use of the term "comprising in the instant claims 1, 6, 7, 13-19, 24 and 27 fail to preclude the possibility of additional elements. Therefore claims 1, 6, 7, 13-19, 24 and 27 of the instant application fails to define an invention that is patentably distinct from claims 1, 9 and 33 of the copending application. Likewise, each of limitations recited in each dependent claims 2-5, 8-12, 20-23, 25-26 and 28-30 of the instant application is also defined by dependent claims 2-18, 20-32 and 34-46 of copending application, so that these claims 1, 6, 7, 13-19, 24 and 27 of the instant applicant also fail to define a patentably distinct invention.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory M. Desire whose telephone number is (571) 272-7449. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (6:30-3:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bhavesh Mehta can be reached on (571) 272-7453. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Gregory M. Desire Examiner Art Unit 2625

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August 24, 2005